



SAFETY DATA SHEET

XL Coolant

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	XL Coolant
Product number	7898
Internal identification	GHS21803

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Antifreeze liquid.
Uses advised against	None specified unless otherwise stated within this MSDS

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Morris Lubricants Castle Foregate Shrewsbury Shropshire SY1 2EL +44 (0) 1743 232200 +44 (0) 1743 353584 sds@morris-lubricants.co.uk
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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	+44(0)1743 232200 (08.45 - 17.00 GMT)
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning
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Hazard statements	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
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Precautionary statements	P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
	P330 Rinse mouth.
	P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
	P501a Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Contains ethanediol

2.3. Other hazards

High pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Ingestion may cause serious adverse effects and may be fatal. May cause kidney failure and central nervous system effects. Prolonged exposure to elevated concentrations of mist or liquid may cause irritation of the skin, eyes and respiratory tract.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

ethanediol		60-100%
CAS number: 107-21-1	EC number: 203-473-3	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R22	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid, Sodium salt		1-5%
CAS number: 19766-89-3	EC number: 243-283-8	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Repr. 2 - H361d	Repr. Cat. 3;R63.	
Disodium sebacate		1-5%
CAS number: 17265-14-4	EC number: 241-300-3	
Classification		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
BORIC ACID, DISODIUM SALT		<1%
CAS number: 1330-43-4	EC number: 215-540-4	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 1B - H360FD	Repr. Cat. 2;R60,R61	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Get medical attention immediately. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration.

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Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyes wide apart. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large amounts may cause unconsciousness. Harmful if swallowed. May cause liver and/or renal damage.
Eye contact	The product is irritating to eyes and skin.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Specific treatments	This product contains ethylene glycol and or diethylene glycol which, if ingested, are metabolised to toxic metabolites by the enzyme alcohol dehydrogenase, for which ethanol and 4-methylpyrazole are antagonists. Administration of oral or intravenous ethanol or intravenous 4-methylpyrazole may arrest further metabolism of this material and thereby ameliorate the toxicity. Use of ethanol or 4-methylpyrazole does not affect toxic metabolites and is not a substitute for hemodialysis.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Straight streams of water or standard foam

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.
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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Evacuate area. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Methods for cleaning up Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in a closed container.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ethanediol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ particulate

Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 52 mg/m³ vapour

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 40 ppm 104 mg/m³ vapour

Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

ethanediol (CAS: 107-21-1)

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 35 mg/m³
Industry - Dermal; Long term : 106 mg/kg/day
Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 53 mg/kg/day
Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 7 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 10 mg/l
- marine water; 1 mg/l
- STP; 199.5 mg/l
- Soil; 1.53 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Butyl rubber. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.

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Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Eating, smoking and water fountains prohibited in immediate work area.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination filter, type A2/P3.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Green. Clear.
Odour	Mild.
pH	pH (diluted solution): ~7.0
Melting point	<-18°C
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper flammable/explosive limit: 14.6 Lower flammable/explosive limit: 4.9
Relative density	1.12 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Completely soluble in water.
Viscosity	20-30 cSt @ 20°C

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg)	555.56
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Inhalation	Vapours in high concentrations are anaesthetic. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Overexposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause liver and/or renal damage.
Skin contact	The product is irritating to eyes and skin.
Acute and chronic health hazards	May cause damage to the liver and kidneys.
Target organs	Liver Kidneys

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste class European Waste Catalogue (EWC) code: 16 01 15* (other a/freeze)

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

XL Coolant

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 [UK REACH]

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date	20/05/2015
Revision	2
Supersedes date	05/08/2013
SDS number	21803
Risk phrases in full	R22 Harmful if swallowed. R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. R60 May impair fertility. R61 May cause harm to the unborn child. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.
Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.